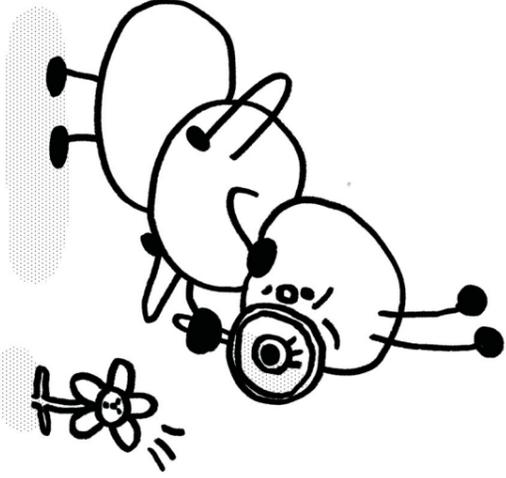


The Trauma Informed Teaching Environment

Trauma informed teaching is a framework - not a set of rules. Trauma impacts learning and behaviour. Informed teaching is about asking 'what happened to you?' rather than 'what is wrong with you?' It allows space for discomfort.

As we know, practice only ever makes almost perfect.

Trauma informed teaching centres cultural, historical, and gender issues. It takes into account that marginalised communities experience trauma at a higher rate.



1. What is trauma informed teaching?

For a list of related charities, go to mind.org.uk/information-support and search "trauma contacts".

NHS Services Finder
Searchable database of NHS services:
nhs.uk/service-search (England)
111.wales.nhs.uk/localservices (Wales)

studenthealth@arts.ac.uk

020 7514 6251

Health advice

counselling@arts.ac.uk

020 7514 6251

Counselling

UAL Services

* Highlight confronting course content ahead of time and offer alternative materials

* Allow space for feedback and discomfort

* Communicate how feedback will inact change

* Recognise individual and collective pain points

* Create a trauma-informed environment

* Healing is non-linear, but we can help by doing the following:

* Appreciate disclosures and say 'thank you for sharing' choice as a standard.

* Create opportunities for resources

* Listen and acknowledge

* Provide sign-posting to resources

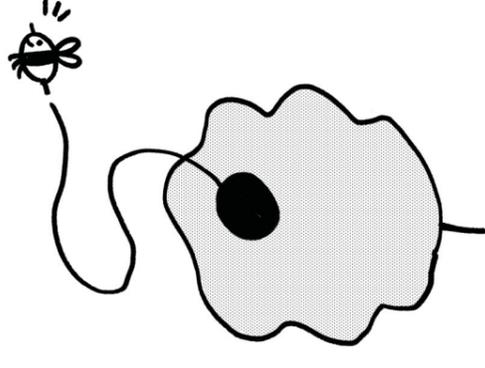
* Be prepared to respond quickly and effectively:

* Consent is empowering!

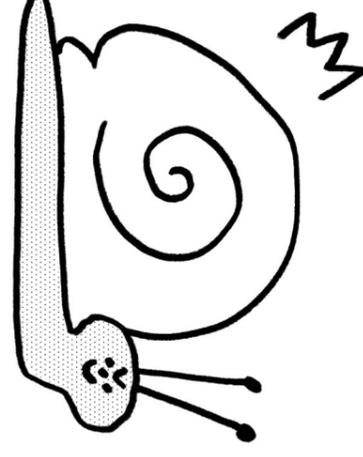
* Celebrate milestones and achievements in context of individual student journeys

* Acknowledge trauma as a widespread experience particularly amongst marginalised groups (without minimising the individual)

Resist re-traumatisation



Respond with compassion



2. The Key Principles of Trauma Informed Teaching

Trauma informed teaching uses these principles to create psychologically safe environments. The poster included in this guide shows how the different principles and actions inform and enhance each other.



Trust

Build compassionate relationships

Establish boundaries and roles

Recognise differences

Acknowledge limitations and avoid unnecessary disappointment - be honest with what you have capacity for!

Are course expectations clearly stated?

Do your students understand the roles of individuals on the course?



Safety

Invite authenticity

Foster belonging: use preferred pronouns and correct names

Promote psychological safety

Allow space for vulnerability

Do your students feel 'safe enough to learn'?

Are there written policies in place for student physical, mental and emotional safety?



Peer Support

Make space for peer relationships

Encourage mentoring

Reach across lines of difference

Prioritise belonging

Support community building

Are there peer activities facilitated by the course?

Is information about university community groups, organisations and clubs easily accessible?



Culture

Incorporate feedback opportunities into every day studio life

Make space for disagreement and discomfort

Centre shared decision making

What opportunities for feedback are available for students?

How are students involved in decision making?



Voice and Choice

Practice giving informed choice without coercion

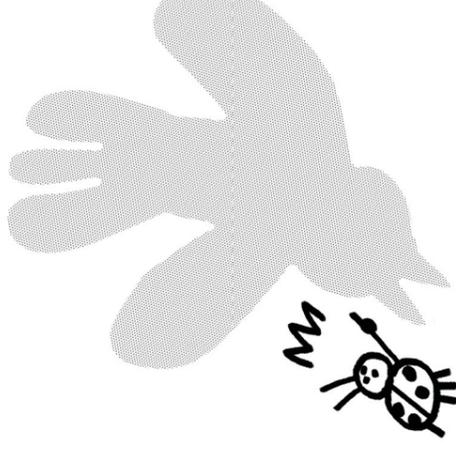
Give space for contemplation

Don't assume, ask!

Share discussions where appropriate to empower other students to share their voices

Are your students empowered to say yes as well as no?

Are students able to make decisions in their own time without pressure?



Recognise the signs

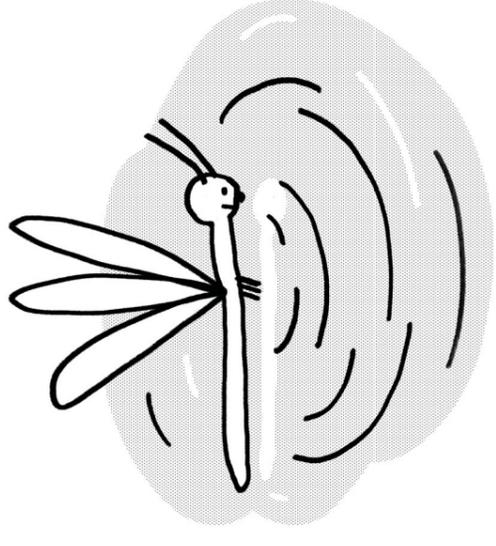
Look for indicators of trauma:

- * Triggers - do certain topics or actions elicit heightened responses?
- * Emotional dysregulation
- * Changes in attendance
- * Self-destructive behaviours

Not all trauma responses are negative. These are examples of resilient responses:

- * Revised priorities and sense of purpose
- * Volunteerism and activism
- * Bonding with community

3. What actions can you take?



Realise the impact

Show understanding of how trauma impacts studies:

- * Acknowledge trauma as a widespread experience particularly amongst marginalised groups (without minimising the individual)

Check in before, during, and after sessions

- * Assist in making learning accessible
- * Acknowledge resilience and the on-going strain of trauma

4. Resources